Syllabus for M.A History (Previous)

Compulsory Paper I: Muslim Freedom Movement in India 1857-1947

Events:

Recommended Readings:

Compulsory Paper II: History of North-West Frontier

Geography and Geo-Strategic Importance
The Land-- Flora and Fauna
Origin of Pakhtoons:
   i. Bani Israelite Theory ii. Aryan Theory iii. Mixed Race Theory Brief Historical Background
2 Pakhtoonwali Pakhtunkhwa during the Mughal Rule:
Raishaniya Movement – Khushal Khan Khattak
The Sikh Rule – Syed Ahmad Barelvi: His Movement and the Causes of Failure –
Decline of Sikh Rule British Occupation – Forward and Masterly inactivity Policies – Uprising of 1857 and Ambela Campaign of 1863 –
**Personalities:**


**Recommended Readings:**


Khan, Abdul Ghaaffar. Zama Zhwand au Jadojehd (Pashto). Kabul: Daulat Matba, 1362 AH.


Paper III: Islamic History (The Prophet, Khulafa-i-Rashideen & the Ummayads)
Arabia before Islam; Political, Social, Economic and Religious conditions of Arabs, The Birth of the Holy Prophet, Preaching in Makkah and migration, The Charter of Madina; its religious and Political significance, Wars with Quresh and the gradual rise of the Muslim Power in Arabia. The Treaty of Hudaibia; its Political Significance, The last pilgrimage to Makkah and the sermon of the Holy Prophet, The Life and teaching of Holy Prophet (PBUH), Conquest and Consolidation under the Pious Caliphs, Administration and legal structure of the state, Makkah, Madiana and Kufa as the centers of Islamic learning, Territorial Expansionism at the climax, Social Change in Muslim Society, Disturbances and its outcome, Amir Muawaiya’s rise to power: Consolidation of his power and administration, His foreign and domestic policy. Yazid: the tragedy of Karbala, his character, Marwan, Abdul Malik, and Abdullah bin Zubair, the character and achievements, Walid-I: Conquests and internal policy Suleman, his policy and character, Hisham, his character and achievements. The later Ummayyads: Causes of the decline of the Ummayyad rule, Abbaside propaganda, Ummayyad Administration, Literature and Culture.

Recommended Readings:

Urdu

Paper IV: History of Afghanistan: 1747-1933
Geography and Geo-political importance of Afghanistan.
5 Ethnic Groups and Races of Afghanistan.
Political History of Afghanistan upto Ahmad Shah Abdali.
Ahmad Shah Abdali and the Emergence of Modern Afghanistan.
Dost Mohammad Khan, Accession and Consolidation of power.
British and Russian interest in the Region. (Great Game).
First Anglo-Afghan War. (1838-42). Causes, Events and Results.
Pamir Line and Durand Line Agreement.Political significance of the Durand Line Agreement.
Amir Habibullah Khan. (1901-18).
Rise of Afghan Nationalism.
King Amanuullah Khan. (1919-29).
Reforms and Downfall.
War of Independence Or Third Anglo-Afghan War, 1919.
Events and Results. Ghazi Habibullah Khan (Bacha-I-Saqau) 1929. Political significance.
Nadir Shah (1929-33) Consolidation and Reforms.

**Recommended Readings:**

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**Paper V: British History: 1688-1914**

**Recommended Readings:**