SYLLABUS FOR MA HISTORY (Conventional)

Scheme of Study
There will be a total number of 10 papers in MA History, divided into two parts. In Part one (MA History Previous), there will be two compulsory papers along with three optional papers selected out of the list of optional papers given below for Part I. In Part two (MA History Final), again there will be two compulsory and three optional papers selected out of the list of optional papers given below for part II. These ten papers will carry 1000 marks, 100 marks each. In addition to that, a viva-voce examination of 100 marks will be conducted immediately after the written examination in the final year.

MA PREVIOUS (Part I)
Compulsory Courses

Compulsory Paper I: Muslim Freedom Movement in India 1857-1947
Events:

Recommended Readings:
Dr. B. R. Ambedkar, Pakistan or the partition of India. Lahore: Book Traders, 1978.

Compulsory Paper II: History of North-West Frontier
Geography and Geo-Strategic Importance
The Land-- Flora and Fauna
Origin of Paktoons:
i. Bani Israelite Theory  ii. Aryan Theory iii. Mixed Race Theory
Brief Historical Background
Pakhtunwali
Pakhtunkhwa during the Mughal Rule: Raushaniya Movement – Khushal Khan Khattak
The Sikh Rule – Syed Ahmad Barelvi: His Movement and the Causes of Failure – Decline of Sikh Rule
Formation of NWFP – NWFP between 1901-14 – British relations with the tribes
NWFP and World War I, 1914-1918 – Role of NWFP in Khilafat and Hijrat Movements, 1922-29 Disturbances and the Qissa Khwani Massacre, 23rd April 1930,
Constitutional Developments in India and the upgradation of NWFP as Governor Province
Khudai Khidmatgar Movement – Muslim League in NWFP
Tribal Areas: Administration and Socio-Economic Developments

Personalities:
Haji Sahib of Turangzai – Khan Abdul Ghaffar Khan – Sahibzada Abdul Qayum Khan – Faqir of Ipi – Sardar Abdur Rab Nishtar – Pir of Manki Sharif – Khan Abdul Qayum Khan

Recommended Readings:
Khan, Abdul Ghaffar. Zama Zhwand au Jadojehd (Pashto). Kabul: Daulat Matba, 1362 AH.


**Optional Courses**

**Optional Paper I: Modern Middle East**

Geography and Historical Background, Importance of the Middle East in World Politics, Palestine and the Arab-Israeli Conflict, Western Imperialism, Arab Nationalism, and Zionism, Nasser and Pan Arabism, The Islamic Revolution in Iran and Regional Implications, Secularism and Islam in the Arab World, The Resurgence of Islam and the Middle East, The Cold War and the Middle East, The Politics of Oil, The Middle East after 9/11, the War on Terror and its impact on the region, the Arab Spring, the Challenges ahead.

**Recommended Readings:**


Bangash, Zafar, *The Makkah Massacre: Future of the Haramain*


Roosevelt, Kermit, Counter Coup: The Struggle for the Control of Iran. USA, 1981.

Optional Paper II: Islamic History (The Prophet, Khulafa-i-Rashideen & the Ummayads)
Arabia before Islam; Political, Social, Economic and Religious conditions of Arabs, The Birth of the Holy Prophet, Preaching in Makkah and migration, The Charter of Madina; its religious and Political significance, Wars with Quresh and the gradual rise of the Muslim Power in Arabia. The Treaty of Hudaibia; its Political Significance, The last pilgrimage to Makkah and the sermon of the Holy Prophet, The Life and teaching of Holy Prophet (PBUH), Conquest and Consolidation under the Pious Caliphs, Administration and legal structure of the state, Makkah, Madiana and Kufa as the centers of Islamic learning, Territorial Expansionism at the climax, Social Change in Muslim Society, Disturbances and its outcome, Amir Muawaiya’s rise to power: Consolidation of his power and administration, His foreign and domestic policy. Yazid: the tragedy of Karbala, his character, Marwan, Abdul Malik, and Abdullah bin Zubair, the character and achievements, Walid-I: Conquests and internal policy Suleman, his policy and character, Hisham, his character and achievements.
The later Ummayyads: Causes of the decline of the Ummayyad rule, Abbaside propaganda, Ummayyad Administration, Literature and Culture.

Recommended Readings:

Urdu

Optional Paper III: History of Afghanistan: 1747-1933
Geography and Geo-political importance of Afghanistan.
Ethnic Groups and Races of Afghanistan.
Political History of Afghanistan upto Ahmad Shah Abdali.
Ahmad Shah Abdali and the Emergence of Modern Afghanistan.
Dost Mohammad Khan, Accession and Consolidation of power.
British and Russian interest in the Region. (Great Game).
First Anglo-Afghan War. (1838-42). Causes, Events and Results.
Amir Abdur Rehman. Accession, Consolidation of power, Tribal policy and wars, Personality and estimate.
Border demarcations. Pamir Line and Durand Line Agreement. Political significance of the Durand Line Agreement.
King Amanuulah Khan. (1919-29). Reforms and Downfall.
War of Independence Or Third Anglo-Afghan War, 1919. Events and Results.
Ghazi Habibullah Khan (Bacha-I-Saqau) 1929. Political significance.
Nadir Shah (1929-33) Consolidation and Reforms.

Recommended Readings:

Optional Paper IV: Muslim Rule in India – 712-1526 A.D.

Recommended Readings:
Ahmad, Muhammad Aziz. The Political Institutions and Early Turkish Empire. Lahore: Mohammad Ashraf Publishers, 1949.

**Optional Paper V: Mughal Rule in India. 1526-1707 A.D.**
Babur: His career in Central Asia, Shaibani Khan, the subcontinent on the eve of Babur's invasion, the battle of Panipat, establishment of Mughal power in the subcontinent, his character.
Humayun: His difficulties, wars with Bahadur Shah and Sher Shah, his literary taste and character.
Sher Shah: Rise to power, his reforms and administration; his character. Islam Shah: Character and achievements, the Bhakti movement.
Akbar: Patti-coat government, the Rajput Policy, conquest of Bihar, Bengal Sind, Khandesh, Gujarat and Ahmad Nagar; the Din-i-Ilaahi, Mujaddid-Alf-Sani and orthodox Reform Movement. Estimate of Akbar; the subcontinent at the death of Akbar.
Jahangir: early life and his accession to the throne, Noor Jahan and Junta, Relations with Persia, the campaigns of Bengal, Mewar, Kangra and the Deccan, the revolts of Khurram and Mahabat Khan, his character.
Shah Jahan: early life and his accession to the throne, the sack of Hugli, relations with the Rajputs, relations with Persia, the campaigns in Balkh and Badakhshan, his Deccan Policy, his character and achievements, the war of succession.
Aurangzeb: Early life, his accession to the throne, reforms of Aurangzeb, his Rajput policy, the Afghan revolt, reforms of the Jats and the Satnamis, his relations with the Sikhs and the conquest of Assam and Chittagong, his character, an estimate of his work.

**Recommended Readings:**
__________ . *Muslim Rule in India.*
Williams, Rushbrook. *An Empire Builder of the sixteenth Century.* Lucknow: S. Chand & Company, N.D.

**Optional Paper VI: History of Europe: 1453-1914**
Recommended Readings:

Optional Paper VII: British History: 1688-1914
Geography of Great Britain, The Glorious Revolution, Causes, Events and Results,
Development of the Cabinet System, The Union of England and Scotland, The Old
Colonial system, The Role of England in The Coalitions Against the French
Revolutionary Government and it’s Aftermath, Union OF England and Ireland, Agrarian
and Industrial Revolutions, The Methodist Movement, Queen Victoria and Her
Achievements, Queen Victoria’s Prime Ministers, The Rise of Socialism in England,
Great Britain and Free Trade, The Eastern Question and Great Britain, The Irish Question
in the 19th Century, British Foreign Policy before World War I, Great Britain and World
War I, Great Britain and Post War Settlement

Recommended Readings:
___________, English Social History: A Survey of Six Centuries, Chaucer to Queen

MA Final (Part II)

Compulsory Courses

Compulsory Paper I: Research Methodology & Philosophy of History
Methodology:
Definition of History. Types of Documents. Critical evaluation of Documents. Types and
Techniques of Research: Qualitative and Quantitative Research, Separation of Facts from
Fiction, Interpretation in History, How to write a Term-Paper? How to write a
Dissertation/ Thesis?

Philosophy:
Philosophical understanding of History, Causation in History, Law of Causality, Time
Perspective, Objectivity and Tolerance, Value System, Criticism, Laws of History, Views
of History: Cyclical View, Providential View, Progressive View, Quranic View of
History
Muslim Historiographers: Tabari, Masudi, Ibn-e-Khaldun, Dr. Ali Shariati,
Western Historiographers: Hegel, Marx, Spengler, Toynbee

**Recommended Readings:**

**Methodology:**

**Philosophy:**
*Encyclopaedia of Islam* (Articles on Tabari, Masudi, Ibn-e-Khaldun, Al-beruni and Al-Waqqidi)
Hardy, Peter, Historians of Medieval India, London. 1960.

**Compulsory Paper II: Islamic Culture, Civilization and Institutions**

**Culture & Civilization:** Society and Culture under the Prophet and Khulafa-i-Rashideen

**Islamic Institutions:** The Concept of Khilafat and Imamat – Islamic Concept of State or Sultanate – The Institution of Vizarat – Department of Justice or Qada – Ihtisaab and Muhtasib – Baitul Mal, Sources and Expenditure – Status of dhimmis, Women and Slaves
Recommended Readings:
Encyclopaedia of Islam. New Edition,
Pickthal, Muhammad Marmaduke. *Islamic Culture*.

Optional Courses

Optional Paper I: History of Pakistan: Internal Developments & Foreign Policy


**Foreign Policy:** Pakistan: Its geo-political Location and Importance, Determinants and Objectives of Pakistan’s Foreign Policy, Pakistan’s relations with its neighbors, Relations
with the Muslim World, The Cold War and Pakistan’s alignment with the West, Pakistan’s move towards bilateralism in 1960, Pakistan’s relation with USA: Past, Present and Future, Relations with India and the Kashmir Issue, Relations with China, Relations with Former USSR, Afghan War and its Impacts on Pakistan, The changing pattern of world politics and the future of Pakistan's Foreign Policy, Pakistan’s stand on the War against Terrorism, Internal Political and Economic conditions and its bearing on Pakistan’s Stand on Important Global and Regional Issues

**Recommended Books:**

Rai, Hameed A.K. *Readings in Pakistan Foreign Policy, Vols. I-II.* Lahore: N.D.

**Optional Paper II: Islamic History (Part II)**


**Recommended Readings:**

*Encyclopaedia of Islam.* (Latest Edition)


**Optional Paper III: History of USA: From George Washington to George Bush**

**Internal Developments**


**Role in World Politics**


**Recommended Readings:**


**Optional Paper IV: History of Afghanistan 1933-2001**

The fall of Constitutional Monarchy. Factors and Consequences.
Sardar Mohammad Daud Khan. Political Career and Rise to power.
Administration and Reforms.
Cold War and the Road towards the Third Great Game.
Foreign Policy of Afghanistan under Daud. USSR, USA and Pakistan.
Rise of Socialism in Afghanistan.
Years Of Turmoil and anarchy.(1977-79)
The Soviet Invasion of Afghanistan.( December,1979)
Afghanistan: The Theater of New Great Game.
The Resistance and Rise Of Jihadi Organizations.
Brief Account of Resistance; Jihadi Organizations and its Leaders.
Pakistan’s Afghan Policy. Interest and role.
Iran’s Afghan Policy: Interest and Role. 
Years of Occupation. Soviet Atrocities. 
Najibullah Khan. Rise and fall. 
The Provisional Administration and Road to Civil War. 
Afghan Civil War. Causes and affects. 
Rise of Taliban to Power. 
Afghanistan under Taliban: Internal Policy and administration. 
Ethnic and religious minorities under Taliban. 
Foreign Policy of Afghanistan under Taliban. 
September 11, 2001: Terrorism; Al-Qaida and Taliban. 
US Invasion of Afghanistan and the fall of Taliban. 
Bonn Convention and the provisional administration of Hamid Kirzay. 
Resistance and violence: Al-Qaida and Taliban. 
The Presidential elections. 
Afghanistan under Hamid Kirzay: Home and Foreign policy.

**Recommended Readings:**

**Optional Paper V: Europe in the Twentieth Century**

**Recommended Readings:**
Smith, P. *The Enlightenment*
Bourne, H. E. *The Revolutionary Period in Europe*
Gershoy, Leo. *The French Revolution and Napoleon*
Grant, A. J. and H. Temperley. *Europe in the Nineteenth and Twentieth Century*
Ketelbey, C. D. M. *A History of Modern Times from 1789*
Thompson, J. M. *The French Revolution*
Thomson, D. *Europe since Napoleon*
Dietz, F. C. *The Industrial Revolution*
Thomson, D. *Europe since Napoleon*
Bowden, W. and Usher Karporich. *An Economic History of Europe since 1750*
Dawson, W. H. *The Evolution of Modern Germany*
King, Bolton. *History of Italian Unity*
Muir, Ramsay. *The Expansion of Europe*

**Optional Paper VI: Later Mughals 1707-1857 AD.**
Structure of the Muslim Society in the 18th Century, Character and composition of Mughal Nobility, Failure of Administrative Institutions, Factions and Faction Feuds, Foreign invasion, Rise of Independent and Semi-independent States: Daccan, Punjab, Bengal, Oudh
Religious Movements: Shah Waliullah, Shah, Fakhruddin
Agrarian system.
Death of Najaf Khan and its effects, Ruhila Catastrophe and its political impact
Mughals and the Marhatas, 1782-1803
Mughals and the English under Shah Alam-II and Akbar-II
Break up of Mughal administration and economic structure
Degeneration of Muslim society
Jihad Movement and its impact on the Muslim Society in general
Advent of European Powers: Portuguese, Dutch, French, and English. Struggle for Supremacy between French and English
English expansionism, 1801-1856. The War of Independence

**Recommended Readings:**
Ikram, S. M. History of Muslim Civilization in India and Pakistan: A Political and Cultural History. Lahore, Pakistan : Institute of Islamic Culture, 1989.

**Optional Paper VII: British History: Britain since World War I**

**Recommended Books:**
Blake, Robert. *The Conservative Party from Peel to Thatcher*. 1985,
Cook, Chris and John Ramsden, eds. *Trends in Britain Politics since 1945*. 1978,


**Optional Paper VIII: Modern Iran, 1925-1990 A.D.**


**Recommended Readings:**


